Office of the Chief Executive



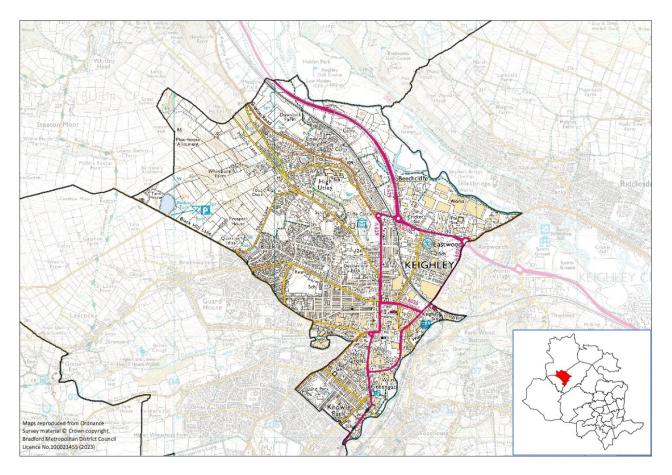
# Ward Profile – Keighley Central

#### At a glance:

- Keighley Central has a total population of 18,740 people
- 24.2% of the population is under-16
- 48% of people living in Keighley Central identified as Pakistani
- 47.6% of households live in terraced housing
- Life expectancy rates for both males and females living in Keighley Central ward is lower than the District averages
- 78.3% of residents described their health as very good or good
- Keighley Central ward is ranked 6<sup>th</sup> of 30 wards in the District for the 2019 Index of Multiple Deprivation where 1 is the most deprived (Manningham ward) and 30 is the least deprived (Wharfedale).

#### Introduction

Keighley Central ward is one of six wards in the Keighley area. Keighley Central ward covers Keighley town centre and stretches as far north as Utley to include commercial and residential areas in the northern part of the town.



## Population

The mid-2022 population estimates show that 18,740 people live in Keighley Central. 24.2% of the population is under 16. Craven has the lowest percentage in the District (15.7%). Little Horton has the highest percentage (30.3%).

63.2% of the ward's population is aged between 16 and 64. Ilkley has the lowest percentage of the working age population with 53.2% and City has the highest percentage with 71.5% - this probably reflects the high numbers of students and young people living in the areas close to Bradford College and Bradford University.

10.9% of the population of Keighley Central is aged 65 to 84. City ward has the lowest percentage with 5.4%. Craven and Ilkley wards have the highest percentages with 23.8%.

1.7% of Keighley Central's population is aged 85 and over. Little Horton has the lowest percentage with 0.4% and Ilkley ward has the highest percentage with 6.9%.

# Ethnicity and religion

Ethnicity	Percentage
White	36.3%
Multiple/mixed ethnic groups	1.5%
Indian	0.8%
Pakistani	48.0%
Bangladeshi	7.6%
Other Asian	3.0%
Black	0.7%
Other ethnic group	2.0%

Toller has the lowest percentage of the White population (10.6%) and the highest percentage of the Pakistani population (75.3%). Worth Valley has the highest percentage of the White population (97.3%) and the lowest percentage of the Pakistani population (0.2%).

61.1% of the Bradford District population identified as White, 25.5% identified as Pakistani, 2.7% identified as Mixed, 2.6% identified as Indian, 2.3% identified as Bangladeshi and 2% identified as Black

Religion	Percentage
Christian	21.0%
Buddhist	0.1%
Hindu	0.3%
Jewish	0.0%
Muslim	57.3%
Sikh	0.1%
Other religion	0.3%
No religion	15.5%
Religion not stated	5.3%

The question about religion in the 2021 census was voluntary and 5.3% of the Keighley Central population chose not to answer.

Bradford Moor has the lowest percentage of Christians (8.6%) and Wharfedale has the highest percentage (53.2%). Worth Valley has the lowest

percentage of Muslims (0.3%) and Toller has the highest percentage (80.1%).

Toller has the lowest percentage of people who do not have a religion (4.2%) and Worth Valley has the highest percentage (44.7%).

33.4% of the Bradford District population identified as Christian, 30.5% identified as Muslim. 28.2% of people stated that they had no religion and 5.5% chose not to answer the question, which was voluntary

### Household language

70.5% of Keighley Central households have adults who all speak English as their main language, 18.6% of households have at least one adult who speaks English, 2.8% have one child aged 3 to 15, but no adults who speak English and 8.2% of households have no one with English as a main language.

83.1% of households in Bradford District have adults who all speak English as their main language, 8.9% have at least one adult who speaks English, 1.8% have at least one child aged 3 to 15, but no adults who speak English and 6.1% of households have no one with English as their main language.

#### Housing

There are 6,223 households in Keighley Central. 47.6% of households live in terraced housing, 18% of the households live in semi-detached houses or bungalows. 15.2% live in flats and 12.8% of households live in detached houses or bungalows.

City has the lowest percentages of detached and semi-detached homes Baildon has the lowest percentages of terraced homes. Worth Valley has the lowest percentages of flats.

City has the highest percentages of flats. Wharfedale has the highest percentage of detached properties, Eccleshill has the highest percentage of semi-detached homes and Bradford Moor has the highest percentage of terraced properties.

There are 209,867 households in Bradford District. 36.7% of households live in semidetached houses or bungalows, 33% live in terraced housing, 14.7% live in detached houses or bungalows and 11.6% live in flats or tenements.

56% of Keighley Central households live in owner-occupied housing, 30.6% of households rent from a private landlord and 13.1 are rented from a social landlord.

Wharfedale has the highest percentage of owner-occupiers (83.2%). City has the highest percentage of households renting from private landlords (54.3%) and Tong has the highest percentage of households renting from social landlords (34.7%).

62.2% of Bradford households live in owner-occupied homes (homes (either owned outright, with a mortgage or shared ownership), 23% rent from a private landlord and 14.6% rent from a social landlord.

9.1% of households in Keighley Central are living in overcrowded homes, this is higher than the District average of 5.5%. Wharfedale ward had the lowest rate at 0.6% and Manningham had the highest rate at 17.2%

#### Employment

The top three industries employing people living in Keighley Central are: retail and wholesale trade (19.5%), human health and social work activities (17.3%) and manufacturing (11.7%).

16% of employees in Keighley Central are process, plant and machinery operatives, 14.9% work in elementary occupations and 13.2% work in professional occupations.

The top three industries employing people living in Bradford District are: retail and wholesale trade (17.7%), human health and social work activities (15.4%) and education (10.6%)

17.1% of employees in Bradford District work in professional occupations, 12% work in elementary occupations and 11.5% work in associate professional and technical occupations.

#### Health and disability

The 2021 census asked people about their health, whether they have any disabilities and if they act as unpaid carers for anyone else.

In Keighley Central 78.3% described their health as 'Good or very good' and 6.6% described their health as 'Bad or very bad'. Wharfedale had the highest percentage of people who described their health as 'Good or very good' (86.8%). Manningham and Tong wards had the joint highest percentage of people who described their health as 'Bad or very bad' (7.6%).

80.6% of Bradford District residents described their health as 'Good or very good' and 6% described their health as 'Bad or very bad'

The census asked people whether they had any physical or mental health conditions or illnesses lasting or expected to last 12 months or more. It also asked whether any of these conditions or illnesses reduced the respondent's ability to carry out day-to-day activities.

In Keighley Central, 82.4% responded that they do not have any illnesses or disabilities which limit their day-to-day activities. 8.9% consider that their activities are limited a lot and 8.7% feel that their activities are limited a little. Wharfedale had the highest percentage of people who do not have any illnesses or disabilities which limit their day-to-day activities (86.5%). Tong has the highest percentage of people who consider that their activities are limited a lot (10%) and Wyke has the highest percentage who feel that their activities are limited a little (11.6%).

82.9% of Bradford District residents do not have any illnesses or disabilities which limit their day to day activities, 8% find their activities are limited a lot and 9.1% find their activities are limited a little.

The Census took place during the coronavirus (Covid 19) pandemic. This may have influenced how people perceived and rated their health and therefore may have affected how people chose to respond.

## Unpaid care

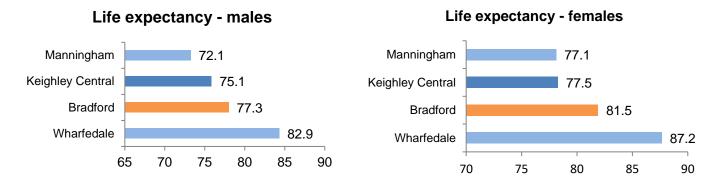
The census asked people whether they look after or give any help or support to anyone with a long-term physical or mental health conditions, or any problems relating to old age.

In Keighley Central, 91.5% do not provide any unpaid care, 3.1% provide 19 hours or less per week and 2.6% provided more than 50 hours per week. Residents in City ward were least likely to provide unpaid care (93.1%), whereas at the other end of the scale 5.6% of Baildon residents provide 19 hours or less per week and 3.6% of Wyke residents provide more than 50 hours per week.

91.1% of Bradford District residents do not provide any unpaid care, 3.9% provide 19 hours or less per week and 2.8% provided more than 50 hours per week

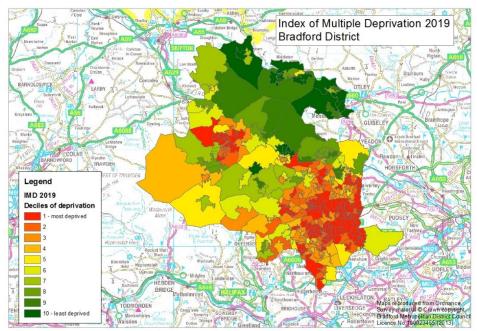
## Life expectancy

In 2018-20 life expectancy at birth for both males and females living in Keighley Central ward was lower than the District average. Manningham ward had the lowest life expectancy rates for males and females. Wharfedale ward had the highest life expectancy rates for both males and females.



## Deprivation

The following map shows Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) ranked by deciles of deprivation. More deprived neighbourhoods are shown in red and less deprived neighbourhoods are shown in green.



The Indices of Deprivation 2019 were published in September 2019 at district and lower layer super output area. The indices are calculated using 39 separate indicators, organised across seven distinct domains of deprivation (income, employment, education skills and training, health deprivation and disability, crime, barriers to housing and services and living environment) which are weighted and combined to calculate the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019.

The results have now been aggregated to ward level and this shows that 14 of the District's wards are amongst the 10% most deprived wards in England and one ward is amongst the 10% least deprived wards in England. Manningham is consistently the most deprived ward for

most of the indices and Wharfedale is consistently the least deprived ward for most of the indices.

Keighley Central and Keighley West are identified as being within the 10% most deprived wards in England. Keighley Central is ranked 6th of 30 wards in the District for the Index of Multiple Deprivation where 1 is the most deprived and 30 is the least deprived. Keighley Central is in 8<sup>th</sup> place for income deprivation 4<sup>th</sup> place for employment deprivation and 6<sup>th</sup> place for education, skills and training deprivation.

#### More about deprivation

The data about deprivation has been aggregated to ward level. Although this data provides a description of the District's wards, this description does not apply to every person who lives there. Many non-deprived people live in deprived areas, and many deprived people live in non-deprived areas.

#### Data sources and further information

Source: 2021 Census, Mid-year population estimates, Indices of Deprivation 2019 Link: <u>www.ons.gov.uk</u> <u>www.nomisweb.co.uk</u> For more information about population and deprivation at ward level see:

For more information about population and deprivation at ward level se <a href="https://ubd.bradford.gov.uk/">https://ubd.bradford.gov.uk/</a>

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